# SERIES 100 

Installation and Configuration Manual

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## Please Read This First!

## Explanation of Symbols

The following symbols are used with this product and instruction manual for compliance with UL 61010B-1, Electrical Measuring and Test Equipment.

1Caution (refer to the product instruction manual for installation and safety information)

## IMPORTANT NOTES

THE ANNUNCIATOR DESCRIBED IN THIS MANUAL REQUIRES A 24V DC POWER SOURCE. THIS MAY BE DERIVED FROM A REMOTE HIGH VOLTAGE AC OR DC POWER SUPPLY UNIT. THE FIELD CONTACT VOLTAGE MAY BE SELECTED FOR 24/48/125V DC OR 120V AC
*****
ENSURE THAT ALL INSTALLTION/TESTING AND COMMISIONING IS CARRIED OUT BY TRAINED AND QUALIFIED PERSONNEL TAKING ANY RELEVENT PRECAUTIONS CONCERNING HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES *****
UNAUTHORISED MODIFICATIONS OR REPAIRS WILL INVALIDATE THE AMETEK WARRANTY PLEASE CONTACT THE AMETEK CUSTOMER SERVICES DEPARTMENT BEFORE TAKING SUCH ACTIONS
*****
STANDARD DEFAULT SETTINGS ARE INDICATED IN THIS MANUAL TO WHICH SERIES 100 ANNUNCIATORS WILL BE SET SHOULD NO SPECIFIC CONFIGURATION OR SET UP DETAILS BE SUPPLIED WITH PURCHASE ORDERS

| REVISION HISTORY |  |  |  |  |  |
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## Scope

This manual describes the installation and configuration of the SERIES 100 annunciator system. This includes operation of its associated configuration software.

## Glossary of Terms

FCV: Field contact or wetting voltage for alarm inputs.
CSM: Common service module housing common alarm controls and output relays. Located at the bottom right of the front panel.

Acknowledge. Operator alarm control.
RST:
Reset. Operator alarm control.
SIL: Silence. Clears the alarm horn.

TEST: Performs one of a selection of system tests.
First Out: $\quad$ First alarm within a designated group to occur, typically with a distinctive lamp flash pattern from the others.

Alarm Group: A designated group of alarm inputs all operating a common sequence of lamp operation (flash states)

Relay Group: A designated group of alarm inputs operating a common output or repeat relay.

## INTRODUCTION

## Construction

The SERIES 100 is constructed from display modules 130 mm wide by 58 mm high ( 5.12 by 2.28 inches). A system is built up from a matrix of modules or cells up to 5 high by 5 wide. The cells can be configured for $1,2,4$ or 8 windows per display module allowing a range of system sizes from 1 to 196 alarm points in one system.

Each cell is made up from a moulding with rear mounted electronics. These mouldings fix together to form the required matrix, which is then clamped together on all sides by a combined fixing bracket and bezel. I/O cards are accessed and inserted from the rear. All power and field connections are via pluggable screw terminals. Protective screw fitted rear cover panels are provided. Serial (Modbus ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ) connection is via a 9 way D-type connector.

## DISPLAY

The moulding for each display module is divided into four sections, corresponding to medium size windows (4 per module). By inserting a divider small size windows are created. Snap off sections on each module allow for the creation of the larger window sizes.

A push on lens assembly, containing the printed film legend, is fitted onto the front of each moulding.

The lens assembly for the common services module is always located in the bottom right hand position of the chassis (viewed from the front), and includes the TEST, SILENCE (SIL), ACKNOWLEDGE (ACK), and RESET control pushbuttons.


Alarm Fascia Views

## Annunciator Model Code Definition

The SERIES 100 model code is defined below.



## Hardware Specification

## FieLd Inputs

There shall be up to $1,2,4$ or 8 inputs per cell. Each input card can support up to 4 inputs. Two cards are required for 8 inputs.

## DC Input Card

The inputs are jumper configurable for the following nominal input levels and types.
24 VDC Contact
48 VDC Contact
125 VDC Contact
5 VDC Logic
24 VDC open collector
Input current at nominal: $\quad 1.6 \mathrm{~mA}$ per input.
Maximum input voltage without damage: $50 \%$ over nominal.
Input loop resistance:

Input isolation:
200K minimum resistance across open contacts.
2 K maximum series resistance.
All inputs are opto-isolated. Inputs are not isolated from each other.

Each input is configurable via switch on the input card for normally closed contact (open to alarm) or normally open contact (close to alarm).

There is a system connection provided for FCV and input common at the rear CSM terminals. The 24VDC Annunciator power input may be connected to the FCV terminals. (Note: Using the 24 VDC Power Input will defeat the 500 VAC input to power isolation.) Otherwise the user may provide a separate FCV supply. The FCV Input terminals at the rear of the CSM are internally bussed to all FCV terminals on each input card.

## Isolated Input Card

Input voltage:
Input current at nominal:
Maximum input voltage without damage: Input isolation:
$120 \mathrm{VAC} / 125 \mathrm{VDC}$ nominal
1.2 mA
$50 \%$ over nominal
All inputs are opto-isolated. Inputs are isolated from each other at 250 Vac .

Each input is configurable via switch on the input card for normally closed contact (open to alarm) or normally open contact (close to alarm).

## Input Response Times

Default response:
40 mS
(input delay or deadband, alarm on and off)
Software input delay: (alarm on only)
$0-255$ time units
(in units of 50 mS or 1 S , system wide configurable)
First Out Discrimination
5 mS

## Outputs

## Individual Relays

Repeat relays may be optionally provided for each input. Relays are a SPDT with jumpers provided for either a N.O (Form A) or N.C. (Form B) connection.

Contact type:
N.O. or N.C. (link selectable)

Contact rating:

30 Vdc @ 2 amps
30 Vdc @ 1 amp for UL listed
110 Vdc @ 0.3 amps
120 Vac 0.5 amps

The available modes of contact operation are described in the Software Configuration section.

## Audible

Internal low level ( 80 dB ) audible within the Common Service Module (CSM) configurable via software. The internal audible device responds to any alarm whether it is designated as critical or non-critical. External audible devices can be connected to the CSM relays as detailed below.

## Common Services Module (CSM) Relays

Four configurable relays are available in the CSM. Relays are a SPDT with jumpers provided for either a N.O (Form A) or N.C. (Form B) connection.

Contact type:
Contact rating:
N.O. or N.C. (link selectable)

30 Vdc @ 2 amps
30 Vdc @ 1 amp for UL listed
110 Vdc @ 0.3 amps
120 Vac 0.5 amps

The available modes of contact operation are described in the Software Configuration section.

## Display Windows

Each Display Module or Cell can accommodate any of the four windows sizes shown below.

Window Sizes (nominal)
Small (8 per cell):
Medium (4 per cell):
$25 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$
Large (2 per cell):
$25 \times 60 \mathrm{~mm}$
Extra Large (1 per cell):
$55 \times 60 \mathrm{~mm}$
Extra Large (1 per cell). 55 x 125 mm
Extra Large (1 input per cell) and Large Windows (2 inputs per cell) have future expansion built in, as the I/O cards support 4 inputs. To enable the extra inputs, you simply convert the window from the original size to one smaller (Ex: Large to Medium). To convert the window size, you need to print new window legends per below, connect your extra inputs and re-configure the unit for your new window size.

## Window Colors

Window Colors are provided through factory supplied colored filters. Window colors may also be printed on the clear transparency film used for the Legends. (Typically done with intermixed window colors). A window size template is provided on the same CD with the Configuration Software. Using the Template, you pick your window size and fill in the color required. When finished, load the transparency film in your color Printer and print. The standard colors available are: white, red, yellow, amber, green and blue

## Legends

Window Legends are printed on the same clear transparency film as the window colors shown above. The Window Template lets you choose any font type that fits in the space provided. This allows easy changes at any time. As an option, the window legends may be engraved at the factory using a black or white fill.

Note: If specified at time of order, window colors and legends will be provided by the factory.

## Communications

Serial communication are through a 9-pin female D-type connector on the CSM. The interface is jumper selectable for either RS-232 or RS-485.

The interface is configurable for Modbus ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ RTU or ASCII protocols. It also supports the native SERIES 100 configuration protocol. This is accessed only using the AMETEK Configuration Software.

## Environmental Specification

## Temperature

Operating Temperature Range:
-20 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage Temperature Range:
-20 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Humidity

Operate over 20 to $95 \%$ RH

## RADIATED RFI IMMUNITY

IEC 61000-4-3 $\quad 10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$

## Conducted RFI Immunity

IEC 61000-4-6 3V

## Radiated Emissions

IEC 61326-1/04.97 +A1:1998 Class B IEC 61000-6-3.

## Conducted Emissions

IEC 61326-1/04.97 +A1:1998 Class B
IEC 61000-6-3.

## Radiated Power Frequency Magnetic Field

IEC 61000-4-8 $\quad 30 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$

## ESD Effects

IEC 61000-4-2 4 kV contact 8 kV air

## Dielectric Withstand

All voltages are 60 Hz for 1 minute
1150 V dc / 820 V RMS from Inputs to Outputs
1150 V dc / 820 V RMS from Outputs to Power
1150 V dc / 820 V RMS from Inputs to Case
1150 V dc / 820 V RMS from Outputs to Case
1150 V dc / 820 V RMS from Inputs to Communication port
1150 V dc / 820 V RMS from Outputs to Communication port
500 V RMS from Output to Output
500 V RMS from Inputs to Power
500 V RMS from Communications Ports to Case

250 V RMS input to input on the Isolated Inputs Card Inputs on the DC Input Card are not isolated from each other

## Surge Withstand - Oscillatory

Oscillatory portion of ANSI C37.90.1

## Electrical Fast Transient/Burst Immunity

IEC 61000-4-4 $2 \mathrm{kV} \quad$ DC power
1 kV I/O

## Surge lmmunity

IEC 61000-4-5 $\quad 1 \mathrm{kV} \quad$ Common Mode (line-to-ground)

## Approvals

UL Recognized for Category 2, Pollution Degree 2, up to 2000 meters, indoor use ULC (UL Canada)
CE

## Installation

## Mounting

The system is designed for panel mounting. The dimensions given in the tables below refer to the size of the panel cut out required for mounting and the front bezel height and width. The height and width are related to the number of cells in the system. See Appendix B.

|  | Number of Cells High |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| Bezel | 2.99 | 5.29 | 7.59 | 9.89 | 12.19 |
| Height | $(76)$ | $(134)$ | $(193)$ | $(251)$ | $(310)$ |
| Cut-out | 2.66 | 4.96 | 7.26 | 9.56 | 11.86 |
| Height | $(68)$ | $(126)$ | $(184)$ | $(243)$ | $(301)$ |


|  | Number of Cells Wide |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |
| Bezel | 5.83 | 10.98 | 16.13 | 21.28 | 26.43 |
| Width | $(148)$ | $(279)$ | $(410)$ | $(541)$ | $(671)$ |
| Cut-out | 5.50 | 10.65 | 15.80 | 20.95 | 26.1 |
| Width | $(140)$ | $(270)$ | $(401)$ | $(532)$ | $(663)$ |

Note 1: Dimensions shown are in inches (mm)
Note 2: Tolerance on all cut out dimensions is 0.625 inches ( 1.5 mm )


19 Inch Rack Mounting Panels (dimensions in mm)

| Depths | mm | Inches |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mounting panel to rear panel | 99 | 3.9 |
| Mounting panel to terminals | 117 | 4.61 |
| Front bezel to terminals | 122 | 4.8 |
| It is suggested that 100 mm (4 inches) be left behind the rear terminals <br> to allow for cable marshalling. This will depend on the cable type and <br> site circumstances |  |  |

Minimum mounting panel thickness: 18 GA Galvanneal, 0.072 inches, 1.83 mm .

For system installation perform the following steps:
1 Mark cut-out dimensions on the surface where the annunciator is to be mounted, keeping in mind that the assembly may rest on the sill of the cut-out.
NOTE: Allow a minimum of 6 inches ( 150 mm ) above the unit, behind the panel, for proper ventilation.

2 Cut out and remove panel material.

3 Temporally remove the panel mounting clamps and Install the annunciator assembly through the panel cut-out (from the front of the panel). Position within the cut-out so that the weight is taken at the bottom of the unit.

4 From the rear of the panel, replace the annunciator mounting clamps along the bottom then top and sides screws to "finger tight" check the front of panel alignment on panel face etc and fully tighten the mounting clamps.

## Wiring

For ease of wiring and maintenance the SERIES 100 series uses a Eurostyle 2 part plug and header system with industry standard scalloped design. These offer the convenience of plugability and the superior reliability of rising cage pressure clamps for secure wiring. Each terminal accepts a maximum wire size of $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 12 \mathrm{awg}$ (accepts a single conductor or stranded wire).

Ensure that a proper earth ground connection is made to the protective earth ground stud.

Refer to Figures 1 through 5 for connections.

## Common Services Module (CSM)

 with 24 VDC FCV

Figure 1

| Input Usage | Small Windows | Medium Window | Large Window |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 |
| A2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Not used |
| A3 | Point 3, Relay 3 | Not used | Not used |
| A4 | Point 4, Relay 4 | Not used | Not used |

Common Services Module (CSM)
with External DC FCV


Figure 2

| Input Usage | Small Windows | Medium Window | Large Window |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 |
| A2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Not used |
| A3 | Point 3, Relay 3 | Not used | Not used |
| A4 | Point 4, Relay 4 | Not used | Not used |

Common Services Module (CSM) with Isolated FCV


## Figure 3

| Input Usage | Small Windows | Medium Window | Large Window |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 |
| A2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Not used |
| A3 | Point 3, Relay 3 | Not used | Not used |
| A4 | Point 4, Relay 4 | Not used | Not used |

## Isolated Input Card



Figure 4

| Input Usage | Small Windows | Medium <br> Windows | Large Windows | Extra Large <br> Window |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 |
| A2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Not used |
| A3 | Point 3, Relay 3 | Point 3, Relay 3 | Not used | Not used |
| A4 | Point 4, Relay 4 | Point 4, Relay 4 | Not used | Not used |
| A5 | Point 5, Relay 5 | Card not fitted | Card not fitted | Card not fitted |
| A6 | Point 6, Relay 6 | Card not fitted | Card not fitted | Card not fitted |
| A7 | Point 7, Relay 7 | Card not fitted | Card not fitted | Card not fitted |
| A8 | Point 8, Relay 8 | Card not fitted | Card not fitted | Card not fitted |

DC Input Card


Figure 5

| Input Usage | Small Windows | Medium <br> Windows | Large Windows | Extra Large <br> Window |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 | Point 1, Relay 1 |
| A2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Point 2, Relay 2 | Not used |
| A3 | Point 3, Relay 3 | Point 3, Relay 3 | Not used | Not used |
| A4 | Point 4, Relay 4 | Point 4, Relay 4 | Not used | Not used |
| A5 | Point 5, Relay 5 | Card not fitted | Card not fitted | Card not fitted |
| A6 | Point 6, Relay 6 | Card not fitted | Card not fitted | Card not fitted |
| A7 | Point 7, Relay 7 | Card not fitted | Card not fitted | Card not fitted |
| A8 | Point 8, Relay 8 | Card not fitted | Card not fitted | Card not fitted |

## Input Hardware Configuration

## Field Contact Voltage (FCV)

For a DC system the FCV is normally derived from the internally supplied +24 V DC connected via the CSM module. See Figure 1 above.

DC FCV can also be supplied externally as shown by Figure 2. The system is designed to operate with a positive FCV.

For AC systems there is no SERIES 100 connection to an FCV source. See Figure 3.


Figure 6 Input Card Links and Switches

## Input card Links and Switches

## FCV selection

(See Figure 6 above) The input card permits the FCV value used to be selected using links P2, P1 and JP5.

| FCV and Input Selection | P1 |  |  | P2 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FCV | JP5 | A | B | C | A | B | C |
| Open Collector | In | Out | In | In | Out | In | In |
| 5V (logic) | Out | In | In | In | In | In | In |
| 24VDC | Out | Out | In | In | Out | In | In |
| 48VDC | Out | Out | Out | In | Out | Out | In |
| 125VDC | Out | Out | Out | Out | Out | Out | Out |
| 120VAC/125VDC | N/A | Out | Out | Out | Out | Out | Out |

WARNING: The $120 \mathrm{VAC} / 125 \mathrm{VDC}$ input requires the Isolated Input Cards. This option should normally be specified at purchase. Layout and set up for these cards is as for the standard type except JP5 is not present.

Note: The open collector option is supplied from the SERIES 100's internal 24VDC FCV supply. This should be connected as shown in figure 1 above.

Note: The above table assumes that all inputs are set for the same voltage. AMETEK would caution against attempting a mixed input set up.

## Input Contact Selection

This is done using S1.

| Input | $\mathbf{4 ( 5 )}$ | $\mathbf{3 ( 6 )}$ | $\mathbf{2 ( 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{1 ( 8 )}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch | S1/1 | S1/2 | S1/3 | S1/4 |
| Normally Open | On | On | On | On |
| Normally <br> Closed | Off | Off | Off | Off |

Note: A normally open input will close in the alarm condition.
Note: Figures in brackets are for inputs 5 through 8 located on the $2^{\text {nd }}$ input card within the cell (if installed).

## Relay Output Mode Selection

The optional Repeat Relays shall be configured as shown in the table below:

| Model Code | Relay Operation Mode | Relay Contact Status (shown in Normal State) | Relay Coil Status <br> (shown in Normal State) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FOE | Repeat Relay Output Follows Input Contact State | OPEN (Form A) | ENERGIZED |
| FOD |  | OPEN (Form A) | DE-ENERGIZED |
| FCE |  | CLOSED (Form B) | ENERGIZED |
| FCD |  | CLOSED (Form B) | DE-ENERGIZED |
| MOE | Repeat Relay Output Latches on Alarm until Acknowledged or Reset | OPEN (Form A) | ENERGIZED |
| MOD |  | OPEN (Form A) | DE-ENERGIZED |
| MCE |  | CLOSED (Form B) | ENERGIZED |
| MCD |  | CLOSED (Form B) | DE-ENERGIZED |

## REPEAT RELAY CONTACT STATUS SETUP

| Output | $\mathbf{4}(5)$ | $\mathbf{3 ~ ( 6 )}$ | $\mathbf{2 ~ ( 7 ) ~}$ | $\mathbf{1}(8)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Link | JP1 | $\mathbf{J P 2}$ | $\mathbf{J P 3}$ | $\mathbf{J P 4}$ |
| Form A (Normally <br> Open Contact) | 2,3 | 2,3 | 2,3 | 2,3 |
| Form B (Normally <br> Closed Contact) | 1,2 | 1,2 | 1,2 | 1,2 |

Note: The Relay Outputs consist of SPDT Relays with selectable contact outputs (Form A or Form B). These links select the relay contact pair connected to the output terminals. The options for the Relay Operation Mode and Relay Coil Status (normally energized or de-energized relays) are selected using the software configuration tool. (Reference the instruction manual section for Software Configuration. Figures in brackets are for inputs 5 through 8 located on the 2 nd input card within the cell (if installed).

## CSM CARD LINKs

## Relay Output Mode Selection

| Output | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Link | JP1 | JP2 | JP3 | JP4 |
| Form A (Normally <br> Open Contact) | 2,3 | 2,3 | 2,3 | 2,3 |
| Form B (Normally <br> Closed Contact) | 1,2 | 1,2 | 1,2 | 1,2 |

Note: The Relay Outputs consist of SPDT Relays with selectable contact outputs (Form A or Form B). These links select the relay contact pair connected to the output terminals. The options for normally energized or de-energized relays are selected using the software configuration tool. The table describes the de-energized state.

## Serial Comms Selection

This can be set for RS232 or RS485 operation and is done using the P10 links.

| Operation Mode | P10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RS232 | $\mathrm{B} 1, \mathrm{C} 1$ | $\mathrm{~B} 2, \mathrm{C} 2$ | $\mathrm{~B} 3, \mathrm{C} 3$ | $\mathrm{~B} 4, \mathrm{C} 4$ | $\mathrm{~B} 5, \mathrm{C} 5$ | $\mathrm{~B} 6, \mathrm{C} 6$ | $\mathrm{~B} 7, \mathrm{C} 7$ |
| RS485 | $\mathrm{B} 1, \mathrm{~A} 1$ | $\mathrm{~B} 2, \mathrm{~A} 2$ | $\mathrm{~B} 3, \mathrm{~A} 3$ | $\mathrm{~B} 4, \mathrm{~A} 4$ | $\mathrm{~B} 5, \mathrm{~A} 5$ | $\mathrm{~B} 6, \mathrm{~A} 6$ | $\mathrm{~B} 7, \mathrm{~A} 7$ |

An RS485 terminator is provided if required. This is enabled with P11

| Terminator | P11 |
| :---: | :---: |
| In | 1,2 |
| Out | 2,3 |



Figure $7 \quad$ CSM Card Links

## Serial Comms Connection

This is via the DB9 connector on the rear.

| Pin | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RS232 | nc | TX | RX | nc | GND | nc | RTS | nc | nc |
| RS485 | nc | TX/RX + | TX/RX- | nc | GND | nc | RTS | nc | nc |

## Power Supply

## Connecting Power

For compliance with UL requirements, a switch or circuit breaker must be installed within close proximity to the unit as a means of disconnecting power. If you choose to protect the input power line externally, use a breaker rated for $2.5 \mathrm{amps} @ 120 \mathrm{VAC}, 240 \mathrm{VAC}$ or 125 VDC as required on the primary power connection. (Note: This is the maximum current draw for a 5 High by 5 Wide Annunciator. Reference the power requirements below for your power consumption.).

The SERIES 100 operates from a nominal 24 V DC supply. The operating voltage range is 20 to 28 V DC. A standard range of separate power supply units are available (AN-6100 Series) to enable the SERIES 100 to be powered from $110 / 240$ Volt $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{AC}$, or 48 V , 125 V and 250 V DC. See Below to establish total system burden requirements

## PLEASE NOTE

Note a 24V DC power filter cable is supplied and must be used to ensure the annunciator is immune to transients up to EN 61000-4 level 3, and that the annunciator meets IEC61000-6-3 Class B emissions (RiS Part No 1084-471)

## Power Requirements

Maximum Burden per Module at 24 Volts DC. (Current in A)

| SERIES 100 Power Consumption (Amps @ 24 Vdc) <br> 8 Inputs/ 8 Relays per Cell (All Points Alarmed) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Height (Cells) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{\overline{0}} \\ & \underset{\sim}{0} \\ & \frac{5}{3} \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 0.25 | 0.55 | 0.85 | 1.15 | 1.45 |
|  | 2 | 0.55 | 1.15 | 1.75 | 2.35 | 2.95 |
|  | 3 | 0.85 | 1.75 | 2.65 | 3.55 | 4.45 |
|  | 4 | 1.15 | 2.35 | 3.55 | 4.75 | 5.95 |
|  | 5 | 1.45 | 2.95 | 4.45 | 5.95 | 7.45 |

Note: This is the maximum current draw for a system with 8 inputs per cell and repeat relays. Systems with less inputs or no relays will have a slightly lower current draw. Burden does not include auxiliary output loads.

## Available Sequences

The following are summary sequence descriptions provided for guidance．For rigorous definitions consult the system itself or apply to AMETEK for clarification．

| AUTO RESET，NON LOCKING STATUS ONLY INDICATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEQUENCE Code | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT | ACKNOWLEDGE | $\xrightarrow{\text { RETURN TO }}$ NORMAL | RETURN TO NORMAL BEFORE ACK |
| A－456 | VISUAL | $\bigcirc$ | （0） | （1） | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | AUDIBLE | － | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |



| AUTO RESET，LOCKING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEQUENCE CODE | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT | ACKNOWLEDGE | RETURN TO NORMAL | RETURN TO NORMAL． BEFORE ACK | ACKNOWLEDGE |
| A | VISUAL | $0$ | 个 | (○) | $\bigcirc$ | 安 | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | AUDIBLE | $\square$ | $\square \leqslant$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | － | $\square$ |


| MANUAL RESET，LOCKING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEQUENCE CODE | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT | ACKNOWLEDGE | RETURN TO NORMAL | RETURN TO NORMAL． BEFORE ACK | ACKNOWLEDGE | RESET |
| M | VISUAL | $\bigcirc$ | بr | （1） | （1） | 安 | （1） | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | AUDIBLE |  | － | $\square$ | $\square$ |  | $\square$ |  |


| RINGBACK，DUAL FLASH，MANUAL RESET |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEQUENCE CODE | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT | ACKNOWLEDGE | RETURN TO NORMAL | RETURN TO NORMAL． BEFORE ACK | ACKNOWLEDGE | RESET |
| R-12 | VISUAL | $\bigcirc$ |  | (O) | 宇 |  |  <br> SLOW | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | AUDIBLE | － | － | $\square$ | ＊ | ＊ | ＊ | － |



| FIRST OUT WITH FIRST OUT RESET |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEQUENCE } \\ & \text { CODE } \end{aligned}$ | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT |  | ACKNOWLEDGE |  | RETURN TO NORMAL |  | RETURN TO NORMALBEFORE ACK. |  | ACKNOWLEDGE |  | RESET |
|  |  |  | INITIAL | NEXT | INITIAL | NEXT | INITIAL | NEXT | INITIAL | NEXT | INITIAL | NEXT |  |
| F2M | VISUAL | $\bigcirc$ |  | (-) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (0) |  | (1) | (1) | (1) | 0 |
|  | AUDIBLE |  |  | $\underline{\square}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | - |  |



| RINGBACK, DUAL LAMP, DUAL FLASH, MANUAL RESET - 2 WINDOWS PER POINT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEQUENCE CODE | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT | ACKNOWLEDGE | RETURN TO NORMAL | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { RETURN TO } \\ \text { NORMAL. } \\ \text { BEFORE } \\ \text { ACK } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ACKNOWLEDGE | RESET |
| $R-12 C$ | VISUAL | 0 |  <br> LAMP 1 | LAMP 1 |  <br> LAMP 2 | LAMP 2 |  <br> LAMP 2 | 0 |
|  | AUDIBLE |  | - |  | * $\leqslant$ | * | * |  |

* A distinctly different ringback audible can be provided in most cases

Dual Lamp sequences use only inputs 1 and 3 on each input card. Inputs 2 and 4 should not be connected.

| FIRST OUT, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEauence Coob | ALARM DEVICE | nornal | ntal | ${ }^{\text {RT }}{ }_{\text {NEXT }}$ | AckNo <br> INTAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { LLEDGG } \\ \end{gathered}$ | RETURN INITIAL | $\begin{gathered} \text { NORMAL } \\ \text { NEXT } \end{gathered}$ | INITIAL | NEXT | intal | EDOE <br> NEXT | $\underset{\substack{\text { FIRST OUT } \\ \text { RESET }}}{\text { 位 }}$ |
| F3C | VISUAL | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | -(a)P | ( 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\underset{\text { LAMP } 1}{\text { O. }}$ | $\underset{\text { LAMP }}{\text { O}}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | AUDIBLE | $\square$ | $1 \times$ | 1-n | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ | 1-n | 1 K | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |

Dual Lamp sequences use only inputs 1 and 3 on each input card. Inputs 2 and 4 should not be connected.

| RINGBACK, DUAL FLASH, LOCK IN UNTIL ACKNOWLEDGED |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEQUENCE CODE | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT | ACKNOWLEDGE | RETURN TO NORMAL | RESET |
| $\mathbf{R}$ | VISUAL | $0$ |  | (1) | 家 <br> sLow | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | AUDIBLE |  | , | $\square$ |  |  |

* A distinctly different ringback audible can be provided in most cases

| RINGBACK, DUAL LAMP, LOCK IN UNTIL ACKNOWLEDGED - 2 WINDOWS PER POINT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEQUENCE CODE | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT | ACKNOWLEDGE | RETURN TO NORMAL | RESET |
| $R C$ | VISUAL |  |  | LAMP 1 |  | 0 |
|  | AUDIBLE | - | -an | , | $\checkmark$ |  |

* A distinctly different ringback audible can be provided in most cases

Dual Lamp sequences use only inputs 1 and 3 on each input card. Inputs 2 and 4 should not be connected. FIRST OUT, TRIPLE FLASH, FIRST OUT RESET

| SEQUENCE CODE | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT |  | ACKNOWLEDGE |  | RETURN TO NORMAL BEFORE ACK. |  | RETURN TO NORMAL AND RESET |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | INITIAL | NEXT | INITIAL | NEXT | INITIAL | NEXT | INITIAL | INITIAL | RESET |
| F3M | VISUAL | 0 |  |  | SLOW | (1) |  |  | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |
|  | AUDIBLE |  | - \% | - |  |  | $\square$ | $\underline{\square}$ |  |  |  |


| FIRST OUT WITH FIRST OUT RESET |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEQUENCE CODE | ALARM DEVICE | NORMAL | ALERT |  | ACKNOWLEDGE |  | RETURN TO NORMAL AND ACK. |  | RETURNTONORMAL.RESET |
|  |  |  | INITIAL | NEXT | INITIAL | RESET | INITIAL | NEXT |  |
| $F 2 A$ | VISUAL | 0 |  | (1) |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | AUDIBLE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For intermixed sequences specify IMO order code

## LEGEND



## Configuration

## INTRODUCTION

SERIES 100
The SERIES 100 is a flexible Annunciator. Most of the configuration of the system is made using software which makes the initial set up and any updates very simple. Only the input voltage range, N.O., N.C. input selection and relay contact outputs are selected with on-board switches.

## Application

The SERIES 100 Configuration application is used to create, edit and download annunciator configurations. It connects directly to the annunciator via a serial port on the PC. A configuration may be created without a connection to the annunciator and then downloaded later. The configuration information is held as a file on the PC which may be edited if a change is required. An exception to this is the physical size of the annunciator which includes the number of input modules and the size of each module, which is factory configured.

If a configuration is edited checks are made to ensure that the correct file is downloaded to the annunciator. If more than one version of the SERIES 100 configuration software is used then more than one version of the configuration file can exist. It is up to the user to ensure that copies of the configuration are kept up to date. If the application detects that the local and remote copies of a configuration are different the user can select update either.

The application also includes a function to enable the configurable options in the annunciator. One such is Modbus communications.

## Software Installation

The SERIES 100 configuration software should be installed onto a PC with the following minimum configuration :-

300MHz Pentium II CPU
Windows 98/2000/XP
64Mbytes RAM
20Gbytes hard disk
Insert the AMETEK SERIES 100 Configuration CD in the CD-ROM drive. This will automatically start the installation process. If this does not happen choose 'Run' from the
'Start' menu then browse to the CD-ROM drive and click on 'Autorun.exe'.

## Software Configuration Instructions

This is an overview of the configuration steps required for editing or creating an Annunciator configuration. Refer to the next section for additional detail on the menu selections.

## Reviewing or editing the Factory Configuration

All Annunciators are factory configured per the model number. Some of these selections, such as Alarm Sequence can be changed with the configuration software. Other features not in the model number, such as Input Delay, CSM Relay Output Assignments can also be edited.

1. Connect serial null modem cable between the SERIES 100 communication port and the PC with the Configuration Software installed.
2. Start up Configurator Software. If a default configuration appears, press Cancel.
3. Select Connections, then Settings and configure your PC Serial port for the Com Port where your serial cable is plugged into, 9600 Baud, no parity and address 1
4. Select Connections, then Connect. If successful, the Annunciator lights will flash fast and a pop up screen will appear with your serial number. Press OK.
5. If you see a screen that says 'Configuration Mismatch', select Download Configuration from the Annunciator.
6. Select File, Start Wizard and this will show how the Annunciator is currently configured. You can make changes to any of the selections. For more detail on any of the selection, refer to the next section on the Configuration Wizard.
7. When finished making any changes, select save and enter the file name if prompted. Select Connections, Configuration, Write Configuration. When it is complete, select Connection, Disconnect.
Note: There are ICONS on the Toolbar for many of the functions above.

## Creating a new Configuration

New configurations may be created both on-line (connected to an Annunciator) or off-line. In either case, start the configuration software and select File, New. From here, you can pick the Annunciator size and all other selections, as shown in the previous paragraph.

Note: The serial Modbus configuration is only shown after connecting to an Annunciator that includes this option. If you want to see an example of the Modbus selections available, there are some default configurations on you CD that include examples of systems with Modbus.

## Menus

## Main menu overview

The main application window comprises of five main menus, File, Options, View, Connections and Help. These appear at the top of the screen above the application toolbar which provides quick access to the main functions of the program.


## File Menu

The program manages configuration files through the File Menu. From this menu, you can open, save, and delete configuration files. The File Menu also provides you access to a new "default" configuration as a point of reference.

## Options Menu

This menu provides functionality to alter the way your program behaves and appears.

## View Menu

Here you can select what you see in main window. Status bar, Tool bar etc.

## Connections Menu

Connections menu performs the actual communication with the annunciator to download or retrieve configurations.

## Help Menu

The Annunciator Configurator is equipped with a Help Menu to provide the user with assistance for each screen and program function.

## File

| New | Ctrl+N |
| :--- | :--- |
| Open... | Ctrl+O |
| Save | Ctrl+S |
| Save As... |  |
| Create Duplicate | Ctrl+R |
| Print... | Ctrl+P |
| Print Setup... |  |
| Start Wizard | Ctrl+W |
| 1 MyConfiguration.anc |  |
| 2 Demo2.anc |  |
| 3 Demo1.anc |  |
| Exit |  |

In the File menu you will find the following menu options:

## New

Clicking on this will create and open a new configuration. As only one configuration can be open at a time, any previous configuration that is open will be closed. You will be prompted to save any changes before the configuration is closed. New configurations are set to the defaults.

## Open

Here you can browse available locations on your system to open existing configuration files. (file extension "anc").


## Save

Allows you to save the active configuration file. If the configuration file has already been saved, it will automatically write over the old version.

## Save As

Allows you to save the active configuration file. When clicked, it will ask you for a filename before proceeding. If the filename already exists, it will ask you if you want to overwrite the old version.

## Create Duplicate

This will create and open a new configuration file, the parameters will be copied from the active (open) configuration and not set to defaults. This allows the same configuration settings to be downloaded to two annunciators.

## Print

This allows you to print the configuration in a text form so that you can see all the parameters. The printout is marked with the time and date of printing.

## Print Setup

This allows you to change your printer settings.

## Start Wizard

This will start the configuration wizard which will guide you through a set of screens to simply setup your annunciator.

## Recent Files

At the bottom of the file menu, you will also find a list of you most recent configuration files. You can simply click on one of these to open it.

## Options

| Preferences |
| :--- |
| View Configuration Ctrl+V |
| Upgrade |

## Preferences

In the preferences menu you can change the color setup of the whole application, and tell the program how you want the wizard to behave.

## View Configuration

This is a textual overview of the complete configuration.

## Upgrade

This menu option will allow you to add extra functionality to your annunciator and the configurator.

## Preferences



## Colors

The colors used to indicate various selections used in the configuration software may be changed. This may be required if they conflict with colors used in the Windows desktop. For most installations the default colors will be acceptable.

To change a color first select its usage from the list then click on 'Change Color' and select the new choice from the palate.


## General

If the box beside "Start wizard when opening file" is checked, the wizard will automatically appear every time a new or existing document is opened. As the last open configuration is loaded when the application starts it means that the wizard will also automatically start at this point.

## View Configuration (Text)

This allows you to see the complete configuration as text. Once this dialog is shown there are a number of options available.


## Copy to clipboard

You can use the mouse to select a portion of the configuration and then copy the selection to the clipboard so you can paste it into other documents. If you do not select any text the whole configuration is then copied.

## Print

This will print the complete configuration.

## Upgrade



The application also includes a function to enable the configurable options in the annunciator. One such is Modbus communications.

To enable any of these options you must contact AMETEK Power Instruments with your annunciator serial number which you will find in the Upgrade dialog. You will be given a unique key which you must type into the box (shown above) and then click upgrade.

If you are connected to an annunciator the upgrade will be performed right away. If you are not connected then you must save the configuration and upload it at a later date.

## Note:

To successfully obtain the serial number of the annunciator you must have uploaded the configuration at least once. If the configuration has never been uploaded to an annunciator you will get the following message where your serial ID should be.
"This configuration has not been uploaded to an annunciator."

## Connections

| Connect | Ctrl+ $C$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Disconnect | Ctrl+D |
| Configuration |  |
| Setting |  |
| Connect Status | Ctrl +T |

## Connect \& Disconnect

From the connections menu you will be able to connect to or disconnect from your annunciator using the Connect and Disconnect menu options.

## Configuration

Once you have successfully connected to your annunciator you will be able to select the Configuration menu option. This will allow you to read and write configurations to and from the annunciator.

## Settings

Here you change your computer's settings to tell it how to connect to your annunciator.
N.B. The annunciator functions will not operate while the configurator is connected to the SERIES 100.

## Configuration



## Read Configuration

This copies the configuration from the annunciator into the active configuration. It is recommended that you save any configuration changes before reading a configuration. If you wish to discard your changes you can open another document or close the application opting not to save.

## Write Configuration

This will copy the active configuration to the annunciator. It is recommended that you save any configuration changes before writing to the annunciator.

## Note:

When a configuration is written to an annunciator the file is, from then on associated with that specific annunciator. As a result of this association, on subsequent sessions there are certain configuration options which will be disabled. They are listed below.

System Name
Number of rows
Number of columns
Alarms per module
Number of hardwired inputs
Input delay resolution

## Communication Settings

From this dialog you can select the Com port wish to use to connect and the baud rate and parity of the connection, and the address of the annunciator.


These values are stored independently of the annunciator hence care must taken be as if you have more that one annunciator they may not all have the same settings.

## Connect Status



This option can be used when connected to retrieve the serial ID, the Hardware version and the system description. When nothing is connected the menu option is disabled. This can be used as an indicator to a successful connection.

## Configuration Mismatch

## Configuration Mismatch

The local and Remote configurations do not match

- Download configuration from annunciator.

C Overwrite configuration on annunciator with configuration D: \Program Files SAmetek Applications \AN6100C Configurator My ${ }^{2}$ Annunciator.anc.

When you connect to an annunciator the program checks to see if the active file was the last configuration to be downloaded to the annunciator, if this is not the case then the message shown above will be displayed.

A Configuration mismatch may occur as a result of the following:

1) You have opened the wrong configuration file.
2) Someone else has downloaded a different configuration to the annunciator.

If you choose the first option "Download configuration from annunciator" this will copy the configuration from the annunciator in to the active file.

If you choose the second option "Overwrite configuration on annunciator with configuration....." this will copy the configuration in the active file to the annunciator.

In the case of a configuration mismatch it is recommended that you select the first option and then save this configuration to another location as a backup.

## Serial ID Mismatch

## Annunciator Configuration

This configuration 'D:'\{Program Files'Ametek Applications'AN6100C Configurator', MyAnnunciator, anc' has been previously uploaded to a different annunciator with the Serialid SGCKCRZQ.

You are connecting to annunciator with SeriaIID ZLC3CRU3.
Do you wish to continue.


A serial ID mismatch occurs when you try to upload a configuration that has already been uploaded to another annunciator. When you upload a configuration, a note is kept of which annunciator it "belongs to". Every time you connect to an annunciator the stored serial ID is checked to make sure that it matches the annunciator you are connected to.

In the case of a serial ID mismatch if you hit continue you will be able to read the configuration from the annunciator but you will not be able to write the active one to the annunciator.

To rectify this situation you should click "No" and then open the correct configuration file, or create a new configuration.

## Configuration Wizard

The configuration of an SERIES 100 is defined in a number of sections which are displayed on separate pages. The pages may be selected by clicking on the labeled tabs at the top of each page. When a system is configured for the first time the 'Next >>' button may be used to move through all the sections. This will ensure that no sections are missed. The ' $\ll$ Back' button may be used to go to the previous page if required.

A graphical representation of the annunciator is used to simplify the configuration. Individual or groups of inputs or modules can be selected by clicking on them. This mimic diagram may be given the same bezel colors as the actual unit to make correct input selection easy.

## System

The hardware configuration is defined in this page. The values must match the actual size of the SERIES 100. A mimic diagram of the annunciator is shown on the left hand side. The blank section on the bottom right of the annunciator is the Common Service Module (CSM).

N.B. After the configuration is uploaded to the annunciator for the first time the system parameters cannot be edited. The controls will be disabled. Care should be taken that the System values are correct. To make a change, you must create a new configuration.

## System Name (ID)

This name is used to uniquely identify the annunciator. Up to 16 characters may be used for this.

## Rows and Columns of modules

Use the up or down arrows to the right of each value to set the actual number of modules. The maximum size of an SERIES 100 is 5 rows by 5 columns.

## Alarm points per module

There may be $1,2,4$ or 8 points per module as determined by your window size. Small windows use 8 points, medium windows use 4 , large windows use 2 and extra-large windows use 1 point per module. By default all modules have the same number of points. If different numbers of points per module are required click on the Advanced button.

## Hardwired inputs

The default is that all inputs are hardwired, which refers to the field contacts wired to the back of the annunciator On the mimic diagram the hardwired inputs are shown with a dot at the center. Non-hardwired inputs refers to inputs that are received via the serial communications. Non hard-wired inputs do not respond to the I/O cards or field contact inputs. In the Serial Input Only systems, the I/O cards are not even provided. Note: Serial Communications may be used for both Hardwired and Non-Hardwired systems.

## Input delay resolution

This determines the system-wide increment value for the input delay for each alarm. You have 255 increments of the value selected. For 50 ms , you can have a selectable software delay up to 12.5 seconds. For 1 sec , you have a selectable software delay up to 250 seconds. Each input can have it's own delay assigned as shown in the Input Configuration page.


## Input Configuration

The configuration of each alarm input is defined in this page. To simplify this procedure a number of similar inputs may be selected at the same time and common parameters set.

An individual input is selected by clicking on it. The input will change color when selected. The input number will be shown in the 'Alarms' list. To select a number of inputs hold down the ' $\operatorname{Ctrl}$ ' key while clicking on the inputs. To de-select an input press the 'Ctrl' key and click on the input again. To select a rectangular block of inputs click on the top left hand one then drag down to the bottom right.

When one or a number of inputs has been selected the parameters for those inputs may be set.

## Alarm Numbering

The inputs are numbered left to right and top to bottom. The inputs within a module are numbered in sequence followed by the next module. So, for example, the top row of inputs of modules with four inputs each are:-
$1,2,5,6,9,10, \ldots \ldots$


## Relay Mode (optional)

If the repeat relay option has been included with your system, you may select the Relay Mode for each input as follows:-

## Fault to Clear - Normally Energized

The repeat relay will follow the status of the field contact, regardless of the pushbuttons pressed. In this mode, the relay coil is energized in the normal (non-alarm) state.
Fault to Clear - Normally De-Energized
The repeat relay will follow the status of the field contact, regardless of the pushbuttons pressed. In this mode, the relay coil is de-energized in the normal (non-alarm) state.
Fault to Acknowledge - Normally Energized
The repeat relay will follow the status of the field contact until the acknowledge pushbutton is pressed, which returns the relay to the normal state. In this mode, the relay coil is energized in the normal (non-alarm) state.
Fault to Acknowledge - Normally De-Energized
The repeat relay will follow the status of the field contact until the acknowledge pushbutton is pressed, which returns the relay to the normal state. In this mode, the relay coil is de-energized in the normal (non-alarm) state.
Fault to Reset - Normally Energized
The repeat relay will follow the status of the field contact until the reset pushbutton is pressed, which returns the relay to the normal state. In this mode, the relay coil is energized in the normal (non-alarm) state.
Fault to Reset - Normally De-Energized
The repeat relay will follow the status of the field contact until the reset pushbutton is pressed, which returns the relay to the normal state. In this mode, the relay coil is de-energized in the normal (non-alarm) state.

Note: In addition to these configurations, the repeat relay contact may be selected as a Form A or (Normally Open) or Form B (Normally Closed) using the I/O jumpers described in the previous section.

## Alarm Group

Each input belongs to one of 4 groups. The groups define the alarm sequences that are set in the 'Group' page. This allows up to 4 first out groups per system or four different sequences.

## Input delay

This is the time for which an input has to change state before it is acknowledged. Each input may be set from 0 to 250 s with a resolution of 1 second, or from 0 to 12.5 with a resolution of 50 milliseconds. The system wide input delay resolution ( 50 ms or 1 sec ) is set on the System page.
Note: These software delays are in addition to the fixed hardware filter of 40 ms . For example; if a 50 ms delay is selected, the total input delay is $\mathbf{9 0 m s}$.

## Critical alarm

Alarms may be selected as critical or non-critical for activating a common alarm on the CSM. The CSM has relay outputs for critical or non-critical: horns, reflash and fault. Any input in the system selected for critical or non-critical will activate the respective CSM relay output. By default, all alarms are set as non-critical.

## Modbus Transmit or Receive (Optional)

If the Modbus option is included with your system, every input is defined for Transmit or Receive by clicking on the button. Transmit implies that the alarm status from hardwired contacts are sent serially to some other device. Receive implies that some other serial device is providing the status of the alarm and the Annunciator will respond as if it were a field contact input. You may choose combinations of transmit and receive, but a single input can not do both. You may also set up an input as receive while providing a hard wired contact input to the same point. In this case, the Annunciator will respond to alarms from either the contact or serial input in a logic OR arrangement.
If the option is not available this button is not displayed. It may also not be displayed if creating a new configuration. You must connect to your Annunciator to enable the serial Modbus configuration.

Note: The data direction on Serial alarms (not Hardwired) can not be set to 'transmit'.

## Panel Colors

The color of each input in the mimic diagram may be changed to match the actual annunciator. To do this select all the inputs with the same color as described above then click on 'Panel Colors'. From the color selector dialog choose any color. The custom colors represent the available bezel colors. Repeat this for each color.


## Table View

Click on the Table View button to display the current input configuration in a table format. This is designed to be a summary of all the input configuration, but by clicking on the individual items you can actually change the selection from the table.

The column widths may be adjusted by clicking and dragging on the vertical separators between the column titles.

| able View |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alarm No. | Relay Mode | Alarm Group | Input Delay | Critical | Hardwired | Data Direction |
| 1 | Fault to Reset - De-energised | 3 | 10.000 | Critical | Yes | Receive |
| 2 | Fault to Reset - De-energised | 3 | 10.000 | Critical | Yes | Transmit |
| 3 | Fault to Reset - De-energised | 3 | 10.000 | Critical | Yes | Transmit |
| 4 | Fault to Clear - Energised | 3 | 10.000 | Critical | Yes | Transmit |
| 5 | Fault to Reset - De-energised | 3 | 11.000 | Critical | Yes | Receive |
| 6 | Fault to Reset - De-energised | 3 | 12.000 | Critical | Yes | Receive |
| 7 | Fault to Reset - De-energised | 3 | 13.000 | Critical | Yes | Transmit |
| 8 | Fault to Reset - De-energised | 3 | 14.000 | Critical | Yes | Transmit |
| 9 | Fault to Reset - De-energised | 3 | 15.000 | Critical | Yes | Receive |
| 10 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 16.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Receive |
| 11 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 17.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Receive |
| 12 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 18.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Transmit |
| 13 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 19.000 h | Non-critical | Yes | Receive |
| 14 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 20.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Receive |
| 15 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 21.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Receive |
| 16 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 22.000 23.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Receive |
| 17 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 24.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Receive |
| 18 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 25.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Transmit |
| 19 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 26.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Transmit |
| 20 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 27.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Transmit |
| 21 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | 28.000 | Non-critical | Yes | Receive |
| 22 | Fault to Clear - De-energised | 1 | $29.000 \sim$ | Non-critical | Yes | Receive |
|  |  |  |  |  | Help | Done |

## Lamp Settings

The lamp flashing sequences are defined in this page. Click on the up or down arrows
 beside each number to increment or decrement it. Click and hold on the arrows to scroll up or down. Click on the 'Test' button to check the appearance of each flash rate.

## Fast \& Slow flash rates

The ON and OFF times are set up with a resolution of 0.1 s . The maximum times are 4 s .

## Intermittent rate

The Intermittent period values will be automatically adjusted to ensure they are integer multiples of the sum of the Intermittent ON and OFF times. The maximum Intermittent Period ON and OFF values are 25 s.

## Note:

The intermittent on period may be adjusted automatically by the wizard so that it is set to at least one full intermittent on - off cycle.

## Group Settings

The alarm sequence for each input group is defined in this page. To change the alarm sequence click on the entry then choose the new entry from the list. The alarm sequences shown below follow ISA Standard S18.1 - 1979 (R.1985).


## Common Service Module (CSM)

The functions of the CSM are defined in this page.

## Common Relay

There are 4 relays in the CSM. Each relay mode may be defined as either Energized or DeEnergized, with respect to the power on, normal state. For example, a Energized Relay has a coil that is energized when power is applied and there is no alarm. When the output is activated, the coil will de-energize, transferring the contact output. The relay functions may be selected from :-

Critical horn Auxilary horn output driven by any alarm selected as critical. The horn relay output will return to it's normal state upon activation of the silence or acknowledge pushbutton.

Non-critical horn Auxilary horn output driven by any alarm selected as noncritical. The horn relay output will return to it's normal state upon activation of the silence or acknowledge pushbutton. Note: If a critical horn is used in addition to the non-critical horn, the critical horn has priority. For example; if the noncritical alarm is on and the Annunciator receives a critical alarm, the non-critical horn will turn off and the critical horn will turn on. When the critical horn is silenced, any new non-critical alarms will activate the non-critical horn. This operation can be changed in the common functions below.

Critical re-flash Grouped output driven by any alarm selected as critical. Upon a critical alarm, the relay output changes state. Every new critical alarm will pulse the relay output for approximately $1 / 2$ second. The relay output will return to it's normal state when all critical alarms have returned to normal.

Non-critical re-flash Grouped output driven by any alarm selected as non-critical. Upon a non-critical alarm, the relay output changes state. Every new non-critical alarm will pulse the relay output for approximately $1 / 2$ second. The relay output will return to it's normal state when all critical alarms have returned to normal.

| Critical fault | This relay output will change state when any critical input is <br> in the alarm state. The relay output will only return to it's <br> normal state when all critical alarms have returned to <br> normal. The relay output is not affected by the silence or <br> acknowledge pushbutton. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Non-critical fault $\quad$This relay output will change state when any non-critical <br> input is in the alarm state. The relay output will only return <br> to ti's normal state when all non-critical alarms have <br> returned to normal. The relay output is not affected by the <br> silence or acknowledge pushbutton. |  |
| Ringback | (clear horn) An output driven by the return to normal of an <br> alarm input. Operated by sequences R, RC, R12 and R12C <br> only. |
| Watchdog | System healthy output. It will activate when the system is <br> not processing alarms, like during the configuration process <br> or when the power fails. |

The Configuration Screen will show a summary of the Common Relay functions to the right. To select a relay to edit use the up or down arrows beside the relay number or click on the entry in the summary.

Note: In addition to these configurations, the repeat relay contact may be selected as a Form A or (Normally Open) or Form B (Normally Closed) using the I/O jumpers described in the previous section.


## Common Functions

A number of functions are available for the Common Service Module as On/Off switches. To select a function click on the white box to the right of the name so as a tick mark appears. To turn the function off click on the box again so as the tick is removed. The available functions are:-

Auto Horn Cancel
The horn alarm may be automatically canceled after a fixed time. Use the up and down arrows to the right of the value beside 'Auto Horn Cancel' to set the required time. The maximum value is 60 s and the resolution is 0.25 s . This will affect all horn outputs. (Critical, non-critical, and ringback)

Auto Acknowledge
This will activate the acknowledge function continuously, eliminating the need to manually press this. (Note: by selecting this, you will never get any horn outputs and flashing lamps, depending on the sequence selected.)
Auto Reset
This will activate the reset function continuously, eliminating the need to manually press this. (Note: this only applies to alarm sequences that require the reset function.)
Control Interlock
This requires that the Silence, Acknowledge and Reset pushbuttons are pressed in this exact order. Anything else will be ignored. For example; if the Acknowledge pushbutton is pressed before the Silence, it will not have any effect. (Note: If the Reset function is not required for the alarm sequence selected, it will be ignored.)
Non-critical Audible Pulsed
This will pulse the non-critical audible output upon an alarm.
Ringback Audible Pulsed
This will pulse the ringback audible output upon an alarm.
Audible on test
If selected, the audible outputs (critical, non-critical and ringback horn) will be activated during the Test Function.
Relays on test
If selected, the Repeat Relay outputs will be activated during the Test Function.
Lamp test only
If selected, only the lamps will be activated during the Test function.
Separate first out Acknowledge
This allows the connection of an external pushbutton to acknowledge first out alarms only.
Critical Audible has no affect on non-critical
This will make the operation of the non-critical horn independent of the critical horn. See the previous section on the operation of the non-critical audible.

Enable internal horn
When selected, this will activate the internal audible device upon any noncritical, critical or ringback horn condition. Critical Audible Pulsed

This will pulse the critical audible output upon an alarm.

## Modbus

Note: These options will only be available if the Modbus functionality has been purchased from Ametek.

Default values of the modbus settings are given in appendix A


## Modbus Address

This is the address of the SERIES 100. Every system on a common serial bus must be given a unique address. Valid addresses are from 1 to 255.

## Transmit \& Receive functions

These define the Modbus functions for transmitting and receiving registers.

## Receive \& Transmit Start Address

This defines the base register address for sending and receiving information.

## Parity

The parity for the serial communications may be selected from :-
None
Odd
Even
The configuration application will always use the parity defined for the SERIES 100. If the parity is changed it will not take affect until the current configuration session is complete.

## Baud Rate

The Modbus baud rate may be selected from :-
1200
2400
4800
9600
19200

The configuration application will always use the baud rate defined for the SERIES 100. If the baud rate is changed it will not take affect until the current configuration session is complete.

## Modbus Mode

The Modbus Mode may be selected from :-
Master
Slave
A Master unit may issue command functions and a slave unit responds to them. When the SERIES 100 configuration application is being used the SERIES 100 will be in slave mode independent of its Mode setting.

## Data Type

The Modbus Data Type may be selected from :-
AN3135 Point State
Point
State
Reference Appendix A for a complete description of these Data Types.

## Slave Address

This is used when the SERIES 100 is selected as a Modbus Master. The Slave Address refers to the device that the Master is communicating to. Valid addresses are from 1 to 255.

## Transmit Controls

If this option is selected Silence, Acknowledge and Reset controls will be transmitted and received along with point data.

## Modbus Type

This is a format in which the data is transmitted. Can be set to ASCII or RTU.

## Quick Access

## Toolbar



## Hot Keys

| Action | Hot Key |
| :---: | :---: |
| New Document | CTRL + N |
| Open Document | CTRL + 0 |
| Save | CTRL + S |
| Print Configuration | CTRL + P |
| View Configuration | CTRL + V |
| Connect | CTRL + C |
| Disconnect | CTRL + D |
| Create Duplicate | CTRL + R |
| Connection Status | CTRL + T |
| Run Wizard | CTRL + W |

## Servicing

Ensure that the power supply to the unit is switched off before servicing.
Module Removal

## CAUTION

Note and record the window positions when removed from the chassis so as to ensure that the windows are replaced in their original locations

Severe problems/damage could occur to monitored plant/equipment should windows be replaced in incorrect positions causing erroneous indication of alarms

Only remove one window assembly at a time to minimise the possible incorrect repositioning of alarm display windows

## APPENDIX A

## Modbus Data Formats

The system has the capability of operating with three distinct data formats viz: fault mode, alarm state mode and AN3135 mode. The latter is designed to be compatible with existing AN3100 modbus installations. All these formats are embedded within modbus data registers for transmission and reception.

A selection of Modbus function may be used and these vary depending on the whether the AN6100C is operating as Modbus master or slave.

| Function | Description | Data Units | Slave I/O | Mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 3 | Read Holding Registers | Words | Output | Master or slave |
| 6 | Preset Single Register | Words | Input | Slave only |
| 7 | Read Exception Status | Bytes | Output | Slave only |
| 16 | Preset Multiple Registers | Words | Input | Master or slave |
| 17 | Report Slave ID | Bytes | Output | Slave only |

A function value of 03 (Read Holding Registers) is set to read alarm data from the system (in slave configuration). Function values 06 (Preset Single Register) and 16 (Preset Multiple Registers) are set used to write fault and control data. Single and multiple register writes are supported. Exception status responses (function 07) and Slave ID (function 17) are also supported. Exception codes for unrecognized received messages are also included.

The modbus functions are enabled by a software switch and require a key to enable them which is supplied by Ametek. This may be done prior to delivery or retrofitted to installed systems.

## Alarm State Mode

The system can provide data reflecting the alarm state of the system. This mode operates as output only from the system.

The alarm state data is present within a 16 bit register format as shown in the table below. The data is in a nibble format ( 4 bits per point, 4 points per register) and reflects the already established DMS3000/RTU3000 style format. Note the control transfer is not supported in this mode as the control state of any point is included within the data transferred.

Bit
Point 1, First up, unacknowledged
Point 1, Subsequent up, unacknowledged
Point 1, Acknowledged
Point 1, Fault

The data layout is as shown below.

| Word | Bit15-bit12 | Bit11-bit8 | Bit7-bit4 | Bit3-Bit0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | AP 04 | .. | .. | AP 01 |
| .. | .. | .. | . | .. |
| N | AP N | .. | .. | AP N-3 |

## Point Mode

The system can present or accept raw field input point data plus alarm controls. Single and multiple register writes are supported. Data is again presented in a 16 bit register format. The last word of a transfer of input data may optionally contain control data.

The data layout for a sample system configured for point data will be as below.

| Word | Bit15 | ...... | ....... | Bit6 | Bit5 | Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{AP} \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AP } \\ & 01 \end{aligned}$ |
| .. | . |  |  | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |  |
| N/16 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AP } \\ & \mathrm{N} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AP } \\ & \mathrm{N}-15 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { (N/16) } \\ & +1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ack Act | Rst Act | Ack Mtr | Rst Mtr |

## AN3135 Mode

The system has the capability of mimicking the existing AN3135 functionality used with the AN3100 type systems. The object is to provide a system that is backwards compatible with the existing AN3135 product and AN3100 systems. The AN3135 mode is restricted to the default Functions of 03 to read alarm data and 06 and 16 being used to write fault and control data. The principal difference between this and the point mode above is that the AN3135 mode is restricted to 64 points.

The data layout for a sample system configured for point data will be as below.

| Word | Bit15 | $\ldots . . . .$. | $\ldots . . .$. | Bit6 | Bit5 | Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | AP |  |  | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | AP |
|  | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 01 |
| .. | .. |  |  | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 4 | AP |  |  | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | AP |
|  | 64 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ack | Rst | Ack | Rst |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Act | Act | Mtr | Mtr |

## Modbus Addresses

Conventional addresses are not included in the configuration and should be input by the user. The input and output functions here are the most common and refer to a system in slave configuration.

| Conventional Start <br> address | Data | Input <br> Functions | Output <br> Functions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 00000 | Output Coils | 05,15 | 01 |
| 10000 | Discrete Inputs |  | 02 |
| 30000 | Input Registers |  | 04 |
| 40000 | Holding (output) <br> Registers | 06,16 | 03 |
| 60000 | Extended <br> Memory |  |  |

## Default Values

| Designation | Options | Default | Comments |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Modbus <br> Address | $0-255$ | 01 |  |
| Receive Start <br> Address | $0-65535$ | 40000 | Raw address entry. User must <br> include standard Modbus <br> address offsets |
| Transmit Start <br> Address | $0-65535$ | 40000 |  |
| Modbus Mode | Master/Slave | Slave | Is this system Modbus Master? |
| Data type | AN3135 Style <br> AN3150/Point/State | Point | An3150 mimic, point or alarm <br> state data. |
| Baud rate | $2400 / 4800 /$ <br> $9600 / 19200$ | 9600 |  |
| Parity | Odd/Even/none | None | Parity type |
| Transmit <br> controls | Yes/No | Send alarm control (ACK, RST) <br> data |  |
| Data direction | Input/output | Output | 1 bit per point to designate <br> Tx/Rx data |
| Modbus format | ASCII/RTU | RTU |  |

## Appendix B





PRSREINAT

## Appendix C

## Telephone / FaX Number List

This errata sheet provides an easy-to-use reference for all major departments. Use these numbers for ordering equipment, application assistance, technical support, and scheduling field service
Please Note: Your instruction manual may contain other phone and fax numbers; this list will take precedence.

## MAIN OFFICE

AMETEK Power Instruments - Rochester 255 North Union St., Rochester, NY 14605

| DEPARTMENT/PRODUCT LINE | TELEPHONE | FAX |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| MAIN PHONE | $585-263-7700$ | $585-262-4777$ |
| FIELD SERVICE | $800-374-4835$ | $585-238-4945$ |
| REPAIRS/RETURNS | $888-222-6282$ | $585-238-4945$ |
| SALES SUPPORT | $800-950-6676$ | $585-454-7805$ |

## FAR EAST OFFICE

AMETEK Power Instruments
271 Bukit Timah Road, \#03-09
Balmoral Plaza, Singapore 259708
Tel: 65-732-8675
Fax: 65-732-8676

## UK OFFICE

AMETEK Power Instruments
Unit 20, Ridgeway
Donibristle Industrial Estate
Dunfermline, UK
Tel: 1383-825630
Fax: 1383-825715

## Procedures for Factory Repair and Return

A. Obtain a Returned material Authorization (RMA) number by calling AMETEK Repair Sales and giving the following information:

1. Model and Serial Number of the equipment
2. Failure Symptom-Be Specific
3. Approximate date of installation
4. The site name and address of the failed equipment
5. Complete shipping information for the return of the equipment if other than the operating site
6. Name and telephone number of person to contact if questions arise.
B. Enclose the information with the equipment and pack in a commercially accepted shipping container with sufficient packing material to insure that no shipping damage will occur. Mark the outside of the container with the RMA number. Ship to the appropriate location: Attention: Repair Department

## AMETEK Power Instruments

255 North Union Street
Rochester, New York 14605 USA
Tel: (888) 222-6282
Fax: (585) 238-4945
C. Your emergency equipment will be tested, repaired and inspected at the factory. Factory turnaround is ten working days or less (excluding shipping time).
D. For emergency service or repair status information, please contact the AMETEK Repair Sales Engineer at (800) 374-4835.

## Warranty

AMETEK warrants equipment of its own manufacture to be free from defects in material and workmanship, under normal conditions of use and service. AMETEK will replace any component found to be defective, upon its return, transportation charges prepaid, within one year of its original purchase. AMETEK will extend the same warranty protection on accessories that is extended to AMETEK by the original manufacturer. AMETEK assumes no responsibility, expressed or implied, beyond its obligation to replace any component involved. Such warranty is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied.

